

EAST AFRICA REGION

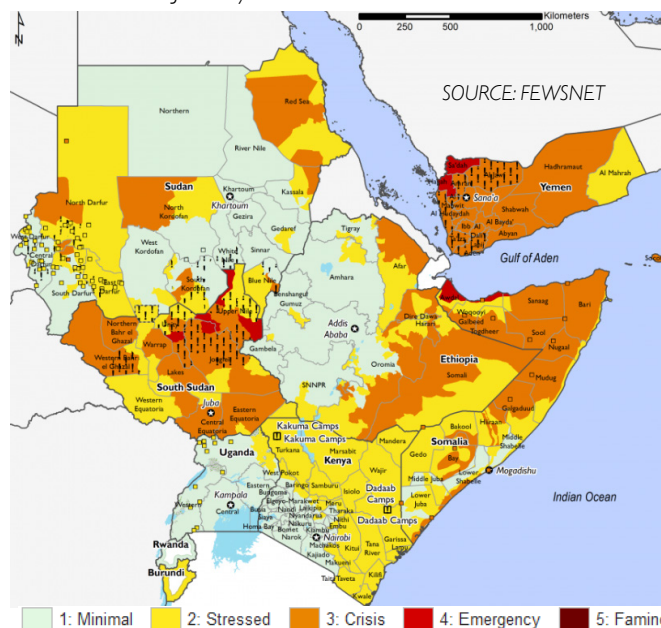
SITUATION REPORT | OCTOBER 1 - OCTOBER 31, 2019

Key messages

- Floods:** Heavy rainfall across Ethiopia, Kenya and Somalia resulted in flash floods and landslides, causing loss of life, displacement and damage to property and livelihoods. In Ethiopia, flooding has affected several regions with more than 200,000 people displaced. In Somalia, heavy rains and swollen rivers in the Ethiopian highlands have caused localized flooding along the Shabelle River and further downstream along the Juba River. In Kenya, heavy rain caused flash flooding and landslides with the northern and north eastern counties being the most affected. Thousands of people have been displaced with houses, roads and other infrastructure damaged. (ECHO Daily Flash of 26 October 2019)
- Displacement:** Violence, conflict and hunger continue to drive displacement. Refugees from the broader region have continued to flee to Uganda, with more than 78,000 new arrivals from the DRC (nearly 47,100), South Sudan (more than 27,100), and Burundi (over 4,500) in 2019. (OCHA)
- World Vision response:** World Vision is responding to the needs of families in crises in South Sudan, Ethiopia, Kenya, Somalia, Sudan, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi and Tanzania. Large-scale, long-term lifesaving assistance is needed through 2019 to respond to the needs of populations affected by conflict, threatened by diseases and natural disasters like drought and floods. World Vision is providing education opportunities for school going children who are currently out of school, bringing clean water to populations that lack access, and improving access to sanitation facilities.

Food security outlook

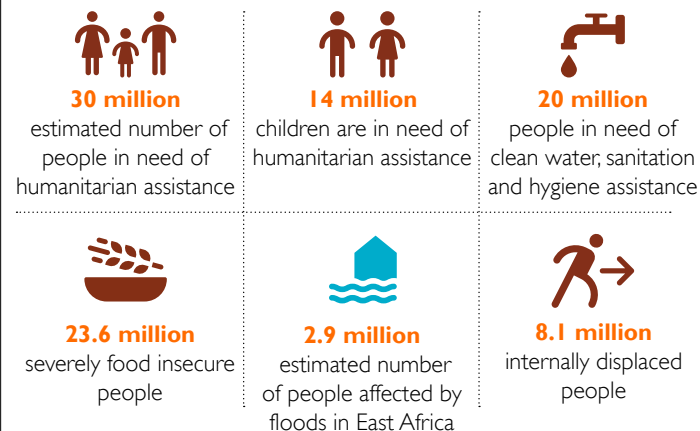
October 2019 - January 2020



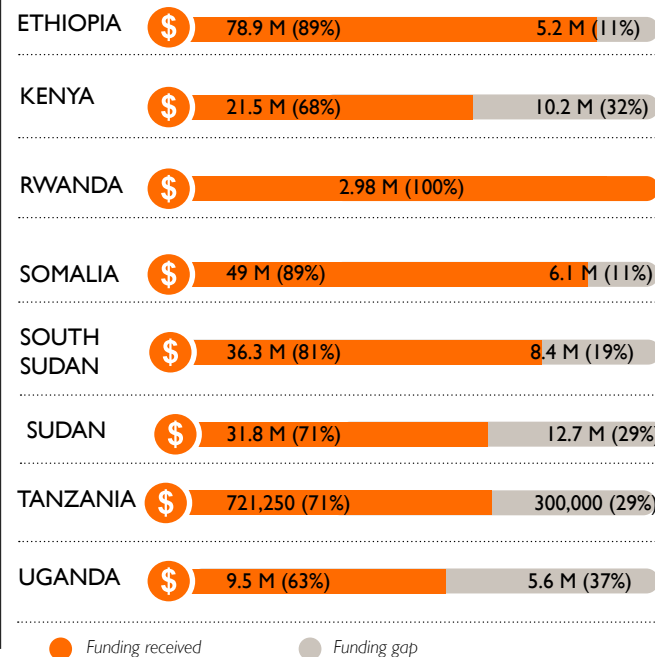
Gaps and needs

- Repatriation:** Kenya, Tanzania and Uganda continue hosting the region's largest refugee population from Somalia, Burundi, Democratic Republic of Congo and South Sudan. The repatriation of refugees is voluntary and measures are being taken to ensure that those who have decided to return do so in safety and dignity. Various factors pose a challenge to the repatriation process including the political situation in Burundi and Somalia which remains highly tense coupled with limited capacity to receive the returnees.
- Food insecurity:** Two consecutive failed rainy seasons in some areas, floods in others, internal violence in multiple locations and economic shocks have left nearly 23.6 million people severely food insecure in Ethiopia, Kenya, Somalia, South Sudan and Sudan.

Humanitarian needs



Funding needs



*All financial figures in US\$

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Situation overview

- **Ethiopia:** Due to heavy and prolonged rains throughout October, Ethiopia has witnessed repeated episodes of flooding in its Afar, Oromia, SNNP and Somali regions. OCHA estimates put the number of displaced at 202,202.
- **Kenya:** Destruction and damage of key infrastructure -including roads, bridges, schools and health facilities- has been reported in multiple locations. At least 983 acres of farmland have reportedly been destroyed and 21,710 livestock washed away, according to the Kenya Red Cross Society, severely impacting livelihoods, including in areas already facing challenges due to drought.
- **Rwanda:** Rwanda hosts 149,546 refugees as of 31 October 2019. 51% of the refugees are from Burundi while 49% are from the DRC. Although they are gradually being integrated to the national social and economic systems, camp-based refugees remain heavily dependent on humanitarian assistance.
- **Somalia:** An estimated 182,000 people have been displaced thus far due to flooding, according to UNHCR-Protection Return Monitoring Network (PRMN). Farmland, infrastructure and roads have been destroyed, and livelihoods disrupted in some of the worst-hit areas.
- **South Sudan:** Since July 2019, South Sudan has experienced unusually heavy rainfall and flooding, affecting an estimated 908,000 people. On 27th October, the government South Sudan declared a state of emergency in areas affected by the flooding. At least 620,000 people are in need of immediate humanitarian assistance. According to UNICEF, an estimated 490,000 children are affected.
- **Sudan:** According to UNOCHA, in Sudan, about 346,300 people were affected by flooding in July and August and rains and stagnant water have driven disease outbreaks, including cholera, dengue fever, Rift Valley Fever (RVF) and chikungunya.
- **Tanzania:** The Governments of Tanzania and Burundi have agreed to ensure returns are voluntary under the framework of Tripartite Agreement between the two governments and UNHCR.
- **Uganda:** In October, 2,167 people of concern were received from South Sudan. 4,016 Congolese refugees were received from DRC in the South West.

Response achievements*

Reporting period October 01 - October 31, 2019

*Excludes data from Sudan



931,742

people reached with food security and livelihoods



350,490

people reached with water, sanitation and hygiene assistance



200,357

children reached through education interventions



861,311

people reached with food assistance



82,449

people reached with nutrition assistance



163,453

people reached with shelter and essential relief items



73,811

people reached through protection interventions



218,644

people reached with health assistance

Primary contact information

Patricia Gimode

Interim Regional Humanitarian & Emergency Affairs Director

E-mail: patricia_gimode@wvi.org

Skype: [pgimode](#)

World Vision donors and partners



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on these maps do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by World Vision International

Creation date: 18 November 2019 Sources: UNICEF, FEWSNET, OCHA Humanitarian Snapshot (October 2019), IOM, UNHCR, WHO, IPC, World Vision, FAO