



World Vision is responding to the impact of hunger in seven countries in East Africa and requires **US\$ 181 million** to reach **5 million** people, including **2.7 million** children by April 2023. We have reached more than **8 million** people since April 2021.

- **A deadly mix of conflict, COVID-19 and the climate crisis have pushed more than 11 million people across seven countries in East Africa to the very brink of a hunger crisis.** Of critical concern are vulnerable children who are experiencing high levels of malnutrition.
- **Conflict is the leading driver of hunger globally.** Every country where World Vision works in East Africa is either in conflict or neighbouring a country in conflict. The region has also endured substantial climate shocks, undermining people's ability to feed themselves. The economic consequences of the COVID-19 pandemic and the current ripple effect from the war in Ukraine is also driving hunger to unprecedented levels.
- **Humanitarian needs are immense and the impact on children, including safeguarding risks, is enormous.** This challenging period could also erode human and economic development gains that have been made towards the global 2030 Sustainable Development Goals across the region.
- **World Vision is deeply concerned for millions of children in East Africa, who are enduring a devastating hunger crisis.** According to FSNWG Drought Special report (July 2022), about 568,000 children were admitted for Severe Acute Malnutrition treatment in Ethiopia, Kenya, and Somalia from January to June. About 6.5 million children are projected to suffer from acute malnutrition, of which close to 1.8 million face severe wasting.
- **World Vision has reached more than 8 million people, including 4.4 million children, since April 2021.** We are already responding with food distributions in multiple countries. World Vision re-declared its multi-country response comprising Ethiopia, Kenya, Somalia, South Sudan, Sudan, Tanzania and Uganda. We aim to reach 5 million people, including 2.7 million children, by April 2023 through the second phase of the response. World Vision has been implementing a multi-country hunger emergency response in the above-mentioned countries for the last 12 months and has been able to repurpose and raise new funds, to the tune of US \$ 81 million. However, the needs have insurmountably increased and we require an additional US\$ 100 million.

### People reached (April - July 2022)

**4,254,334**



**Men 796,958**

**Women 983,126**



**Children 2,474,250**

**Boys 1,217,976**

**Girls 1,256,274**

### Key concerns\*



**11.7 million**

people are experiencing emergency (IPC 4) levels of food insecurity. More than **701,000** people are projected to face catastrophic (IPC 5) levels of food insecurity in the region.



**39 million**

people are acutely food insecure



**12.8 million**

internally displaced people



**4.9 million**

refugees and asylum seekers



**9.2 million**

reported [livestock deaths](#) across the region

Sources: UN OCHA, UNHCR

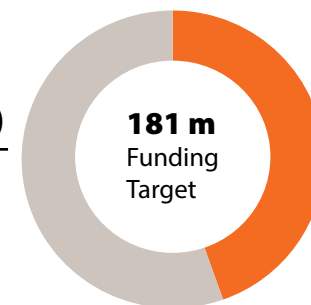
\*The population used for Ethiopia is from September 2021. Currently there are [18 million](#) drought affected people in Kenya, Somalia & Ethiopia with recent FSNWG update showing 6.5 million in Ethiopia.

### Funding Summary (US \$)

**100 m (55%)**  
Funding Gap

**181 m**  
Funding Target

**81 m (45%)**  
Funding Raised



# IMPACT HIGHLIGHTS

**RESPONSE GOAL** To save lives and address drivers of longer-term impacts of hunger through humanitarian assistance and recovery interventions in East Africa.

## Improve access to clean water, hygiene and sanitation promotion services to mitigate waterborne diseases



**86,695**

People provided with access to clean, potable water



**50,586**

People that have participated in emergency hygiene promotion activities with appropriate supplies

## Improve access to food for affected households



**2,910,680**

People reached with (in-kind) food assistance



**698,607**

People reached with cash and voucher assistance



**US\$ 14.5 M**

Amount of cash and voucher assistance distributed



**197,005**

Children receiving hot meals and/or dry rations through school feeding

## Increase access to curative and preventive quality emergency health and nutrition services



**42,835**

People reached through primary healthcare support



**43,784**

Children reached through management of Severe Acute Malnutrition & Moderate Acute Malnutrition



**6,848**

Children recovered from severe acute malnutrition



**23,978**

Primary caregivers benefited from infant and young child feeding (IYCF) promotion and action oriented sessions and counselling

## Improve household resilience to food insecurity and livelihoods-related shocks



**7,959**

Households provided with livelihood physical agricultural assets



**3,940**

Households growing crops that are resilient to climate hazards/ stresses



**4,038**

People trained in climate change resilient farming practices

## Ensure protection for children, women, and vulnerable groups including psychosocial support



**8,979**

People receiving psychosocial support



**23,314**

People receiving prevention messages on prevention of sexual exploitation and abuse and/or positive coping strategies



**30**

Faith leaders engaged in prevention messages on prevention of sexual exploitation and abuse and/or positive coping strategies

*\*Based on figures as of 31 July 2022. People reached includes people supported in 7 countries of highest alert from 01 April 2022 through the current reporting period July 2022.*

## ETHIOPIA

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 People reached **1,231,989**

 Children reached **642,781**

- Ethiopia's humanitarian situation remains dire and complicated. While the drought in the southern and eastern parts of the country is devastating the livelihoods of pastoralist and agro-pastoralist communities, heavy rains in some northern, western and southern parts of the country are causing floods and damages to houses and infrastructure.
- In addition to climate-related emergencies, conflict remains the primary driver of humanitarian needs, displacing thousands of people. As a result of the worsening drought and increased violence, high humanitarian needs are expected to last until 2023.

### GAPS AND NEEDS

- According to the recent OCHA report, the drought's impact has worsened and expanded. Further UNICEF statement declared that at least 10 million people are estimated to be affected across Somali, Oromia, SNNP, South-West, and in other areas of the country and almost all affected people requiring food assistance and over 4 million people requiring water assistance.

### WORLD VISION'S RESPONSE

- Distributed crops seeds to 11,250 drought affected individuals in Oromia region.
- 210 mothers and caregivers of children under five years received Infant and Young Children Feeding (IYCF) education through training and cooking demonstration in two woredas of Sidama region.
- Through established case management structures. 65 children received psychosocial support.

## KENYA

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 People reached **180,991**

 Children reached **105,071**

- The National Drought Management Authority (NDMA) undertook the long rains food security assessment that indicated 3.5 million Kenyans are in acute food insecurity as of July 2022 (IPC Phase 3+). Of this number, 707,000 people are in emergency food insecurity (IPC Phase 4), and 2.8 million in Crisis (IPC Phase 3). These worrying numbers include an estimated 884,464 children who are acutely malnourished, out of which 222,720 children are facing Severe Acute Malnutrition.
- Counties in emergency food security are Turkana, Marsabit, Samburu, Isiolo, and Mandera; while Baringo, Laikipia, Wajir, Garissa, Tana River, Kitui and parts of Makueni.

### GAPS AND NEEDS


- Access to food and water remains a priority need among the affected communities. Most water points have dried up.

### WORLD VISION'S RESPONSE

- Reached more than 13,700 individuals through integrated nutrition outreaches, this includes 12,000 children under five years and Pregnant & Lactating Women (PLW) that underwent screening, identification and referral for treatment; as well as 1,000 PLW caregivers reached with capacity building in Kilifi, Wajir, Garissa, Tana River, and Mandera Counties.
- Trucked water to more than 21,000 of the most water stressed people in the affected counties providing them with safe water for household utility.
- Distributed USD 943,115 during the April-June period to 35,474 people (5,912 households).

## SOMALIA

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 People reached **563,151**

 Children reached **324,034**

- Somalia is in a serious crisis, with seven million people (nearly 50 percent of the population) in (IPC Phase 3 & above) including 213,000 people facing famine (IPC Phase 5) as of July 2022. Over 918,000 people are estimated to have been displaced this year alone in Somalia, largely driven by the drought. This ongoing humanitarian crisis is likely to worsen in the weeks and months ahead.
- An estimated 1.5 million Somali children under 5 years old face the risk of acute malnutrition (representing 45 percent of the total population of children), 386,400 of them will likely be severely malnourished by the end of the year, if emergency aid is not delivered.

### GAPS AND NEEDS

- Food prices continue to increase due to the prolonged drought, high global food prices, increased demand, and high fuel prices that are leading to fluctuations in transport costs.
- Sanitation facilities are limited, with a severe shortage of waste disposal areas in most camps and settlements inhabited by the affected community members. Scaling up sanitation and hygiene promotion, including distribution of hygiene kits and chlorination of existing water sources is critical to avert additional disease outbreaks.

### WORLD VISION'S RESPONSE

- Distributed food and cash assistance to 195,430 people to improve household food security.
- Supported treatment of 16,905 pregnant and lactating women and children under five with moderate and severe acute malnutrition.

## SOUTH SUDAN

 People reached **1,024,633**

 Children reached **628,720**

- Floods and its effects are continuing to be felt in communities across South Sudan particularly Upper Nile and Greater Bahr el Ghazal regions.
- Sub-national and localized violence persisted in different areas of the country, impacting the movement of goods and people along the main supply routes, and driving up displacements.

### GAPS AND NEEDS


- Since the beginning of the war in Ukraine, increased global fuel prices, the weakening of the South Sudanese Pound (SSP) and obstacles to trade have led to significant hikes in fuel and food prices in South Sudan.

### WORLD VISION'S RESPONSE

- Distributed food to more than 274,000 people and cash to 62,000 people.
- Supported treatment of more than 15,000 children aged 6-59 months with acute malnutrition through World Vision supported nutrition facilities. 1,300 children under five received primary healthcare support through curative consultations.
- More than 4,600 children attended World Vision supported Child Friendly Spaces (CFS).
- Sensitised more than 9,800 community members through awareness sessions on protection related issues.

## SUDAN

 People reached **633,303**

 Children reached **237,565**

- The unstable political situation is leading to more displacements thus there is need for extra efforts from humanitarian actors to curb the situation.

### GAPS AND NEEDS

- Needs still remain high around food security and livelihoods, Health and WASH.
- The food assistance rations need to be prepositioned and distributed monthly in the target areas because of acute level of hunger in the communities.
- There is need to provide more plastic sheets for displaced communities for shelter support.
- World Vision Sudan has managed to raise US\$45.5 million and currently has a funding gap of US\$14.9 million for scale up of its hunger response.

### WORLD VISION'S RESPONSE

- Distributed 17,000 metric tonnes of monthly food rations and commodities to more than 633,000 people.

## TANZANIA

 People reached **30,414**

 Children reached **13,422**

- Price inflation on food and non-food essentials have continued to worsen food insecurity for many families.
- Acute food shortages are more likely to occur in the northern parts of the country.
- Due to the lack of food at household level for affected communities, there have been reports of increase in school dropouts. World Vision, through internal funding, decided to urgently support some schools in the affected areas by providing lunch to school to keep children in school and continue their education.

### GAPS AND NEEDS

- Vulnerable families affected by the crisis need urgent access to food, and humanitarian food assistance should be prioritised.

### WORLD VISION'S RESPONSE

- Provided hot meals to more than 13,000 children from 33 schools. Of this children, 6,962 were girls and 6,934 were boys. These children are from Ruvu Remit and Ketumbeine Area Programmes.

## UGANDA

 People reached **16,200**

- There are reports of deaths as a result of increasing hunger needs and inadequate access to food in Karamoja.
- There has been unfavorable weather conditions in the last three seasons in the region due to late onset of rains (delayed), erratic and unreliable rains with very poor distribution patterns that have on several occasions affected crop production and productivity coupled with increased crop pests and diseases.
- Insecurity as a result of cattle rustling continues to put stress on the already dire food security situation as vulnerable community members are being deprived of their livelihoods.
- Staple food prices have continued to rise as a result of poor harvests and low food production coupled with the low purchasing power of affected community members.

### GAPS AND NEEDS

- Available resources are not sufficient to meet the growing needs to urgently provide affected community members with emergency food.

### WORLD VISION'S RESPONSE

- Distributed 16.7 metric tonnes of assorted crop seeds including cowpeas, sorghum, green grams and iron rich beans.
- Distributed USD 69,130 to 1,200 households in Kotido district.



We would like to thank our generous child sponsors, donors, partners, and supporters whose contributions make our work possible, including:



World Vision is witnessing an increase in the number of malnutrition cases across its health facilities and even when conducting health outreaches in the settlements for the displaced. The drought has also resulted in acute water shortages, affecting nearly 4 million people. The UN has warned that nearly 386,000 children under five years old could be severely malnourished by the end of 2022 in Somalia.

**World Vision** Thanks to the generous World Vision supporters in Australia, USA, Japan, Germany, Netherlands, New Zealand, UK, Switzerland, Austria, Taiwan, Canada, South Korea and Spain.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION, PLEASE CONTACT:**

**Joseph Kamara**  
Regional Humanitarian & Emergency Affairs Director  
E: Joseph\_Kamara@wvi.org  
P: +254 715 27 94 85

**Jennifer Watson**  
Regional Communications & Public Engagement Director  
E: Jennifer\_Watson@wvi.org  
P: +254 780 55 43 94



Learn more at  
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